



Joy in Work



October 2018

Welcome to IHI



We will improve the lives of **patients**, the **health** of **communities** and the **joy** of the health care **workforce**.

What is Joy in Work?





Deming and Joy



"Management's overall aim should be to create a system in which everybody may take joy in his work."

– Dr. W. Edwards Deming

The Burning Platform



Joy is more than absence of burnout...



We are coming to understand health not as the absence of disease, but rather as the process by which individuals maintain their sense of coherence (i.e. sense that life is comprehensible, manageable, and meaningful) and ability to function in the face of changes in themselves and their relationships with their environment.

— Aaron Antonovsky —

AZQUOTES

Sense of Coherence



The path from burnout to joy?



How to Create a Joyful, Engaged Workforce

Outcome: ↑ Patient experience ↑ Organizational performance ↓ Staff burnout

4. Use improvement science to test approaches to improving joy in your organization

3. Commit to making *Joy in Work* a shared responsibility at all levels

2. Identify unique impediments to *Joy in Work* in the local context

1. Ask staff "what matters to you?"

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Critical Components for Ensuring a Joyful, Engaged Workforce Interlocking responsibilities at all levels



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Share visit note documentation and order entry with other members of the team - KP Staff training to de-escalate and respond to the potential for violence toward staff and other patients

- BIDMC

Peer Support training for those undergoing trauma from lawsuit, or medical error - BWH Break the rules week where staff have permission to break rules in the pursuit of better patient care

- IHI Leadership Alliance

Offer a regular course on listening & storytelling to leaders and managers - Barry Wehmiller

"Collaboration hallways" to co-locate staff across professions

- University of Minnesota What other tests of change should we try?

New Mental Models Needed

Reshape Improvement Efforts and the Culture

Old Thinking

Salary and benefits are what really matters to staff.

It is up to HR to raise satisfaction.

Joy work means resilience training, wellness programs, and pizza parties

Staff satisfaction leads to lower turnover New Mental Models

Staff want meaning, purpose, camaraderie, choice, and equity

It is the job of leaders to drive a joyful workforce

AND happier patients and greater productivity 12

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"What Matters to You?" Test of Change

Nemours/Alfred I. duPont Hospital for Children Pediatric Intensive Care Unit (PICU):





Result: Almost 100 responses categorized into key areas for improvement and renewed sense of purpose within staff

"What Matters to You?" Test of Change

Mount Auburn Hospital Labor and Delivery Floor



Result: Transparency and a sense of energy around three new improvement projects









Lessons Learned: Get Ready

- Prepare for "What Matters?" conversations
 - What if they ask for things I can't do?
 - How am I going to fix all of the things they identify?
- Assure leader capacity
 - Time and performance improvement skills
- Identify a senior leader champion
 - Aids when issues are identified beyond local scope
- Including all stakeholders (staff, physicians, and administration) at the beginning makes for an easier adoption of the projects
- Joy (or enjoyment) is local and contextual "once you've seen one, you"ve seen one"

Lessons Learned: Language Matters

- Joy in Work may not resonate with everyone – find what works for your organization
- Make sure your word choice is aspirational enough to inspire action



Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust

"The word 'joy' was a barrier but meaningful interactions was well accepted."

Lessons Learned: Measurement

WELL, YOU'VE BEEN A NO, STUPID, NOT PRETTY GOOD HOSS, I GUESS. HARDWORKIN'. NOT THE FEED BACK. SAID | WANTED FASTEST CRITTER I EVER A FEEDBAG. COME ACROST, BUT ... Alleno Sanster Mulle Murch s 4 .. 1,0 111 strieu

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IHI Organizational Diagnostic



Organizational Assessment of Conditions to Foster Joy in Work

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree	N/A
Organizational Factors	1	1	1			
Joy is an organizational priority.						
We <u>have an understanding of</u> baseline data related to the following measures: turnover, staff satisfaction, rates of employee physical harm.						
Efforts to improve joy are imbedded into ongoing organizational improvement efforts.						
Factors Relating to Physical and Psychological Safety	- 10					
Harm: Data of the types and prevalence of physical injuries in the organization, service line/unit, or practice; (for example, push/pulling injuries from helping patient on and off stretchers, slips, trips and falls, physical threats or injuries) are used and acted on regularly.						
Assistive Devices: Systems, assistive equipment or devices, and policies and practices that address workplace injuries are well established.						
Systems to Address Workforce Violence: Staff are prepared to de-escalate and respond to the potential for violence toward staff and other patients.						
Just Culture: When an error or harm occurs, leaders are trained to first examine for problems within the system that allowed the error or harm to occur.						
Safety Surveys and Culture Assessments: Reporting systems and resources for understanding of the safety culture are well established.						
Equity as a Systems Property:						

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